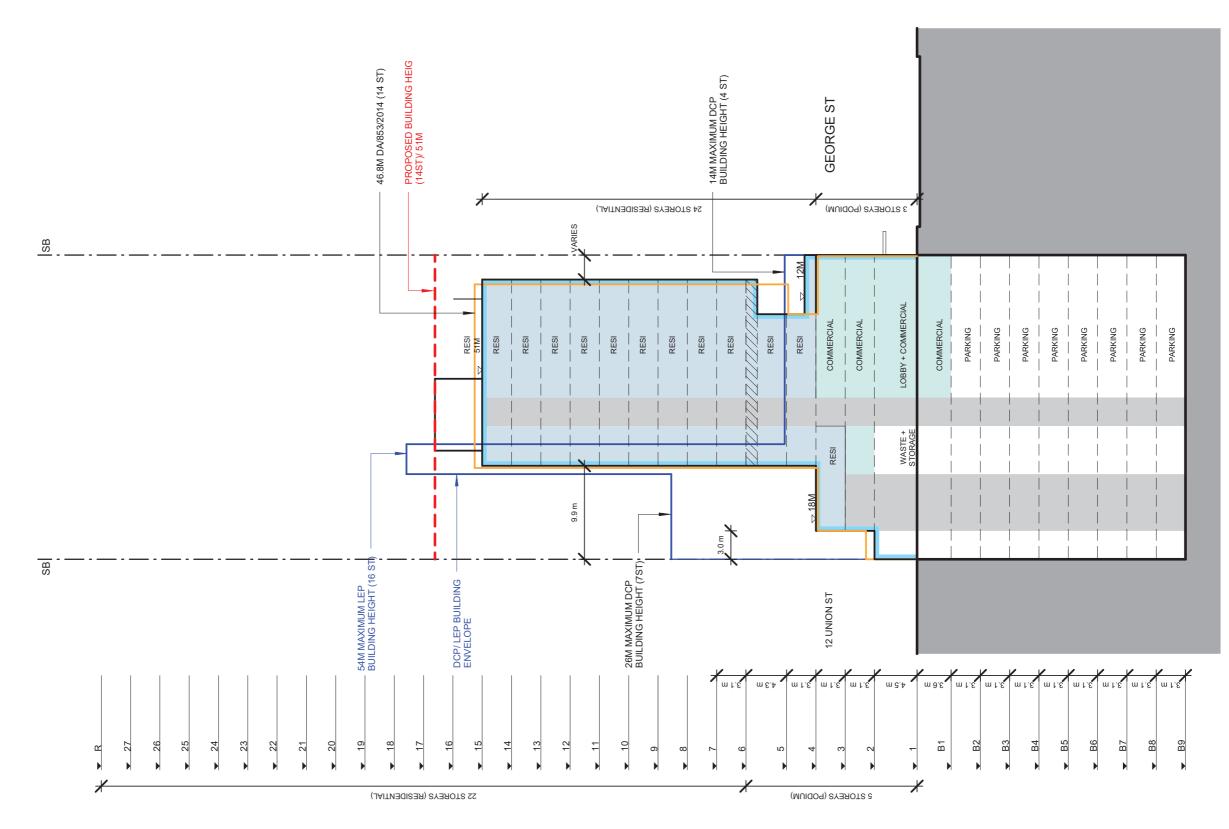
OPTION - 14 STOREYS GEORGE STREET ELEVATION







GEORGE ST



scale bar 0 2 4 6 8m



TYPICAL BASEMENT LEVEL

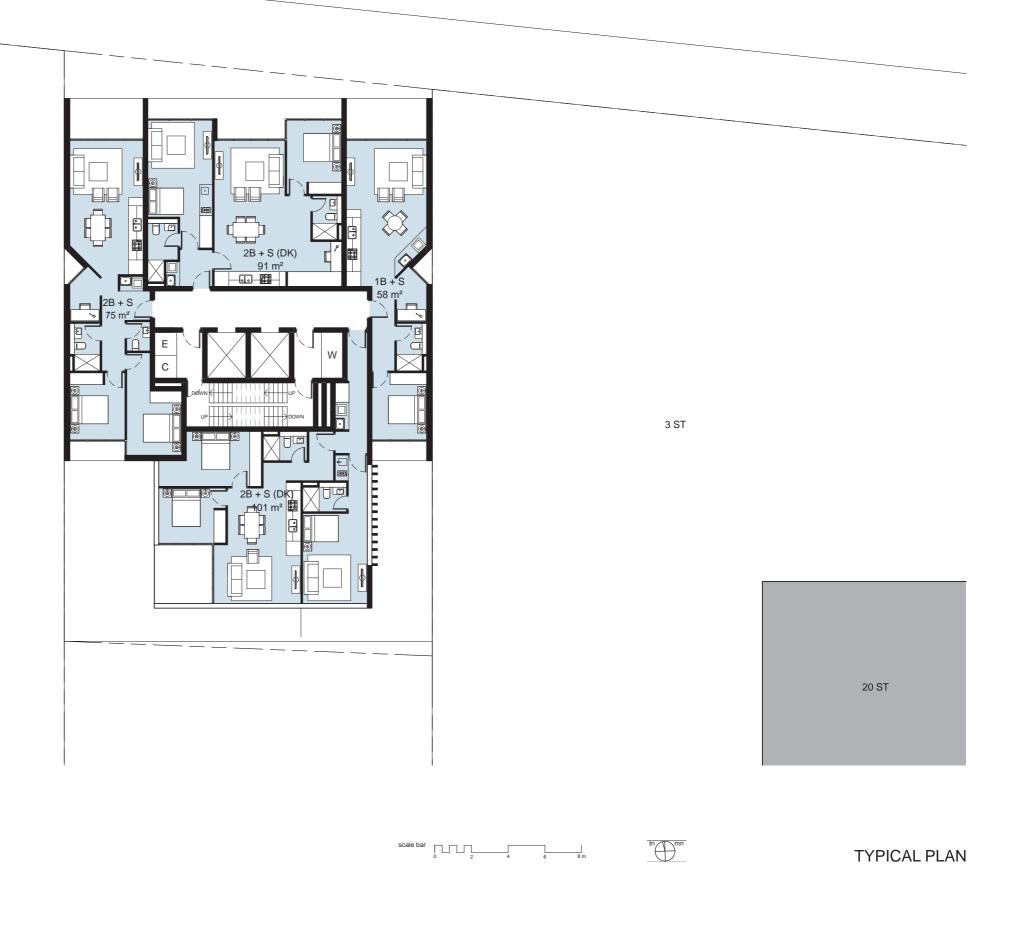


BASEMENT 1



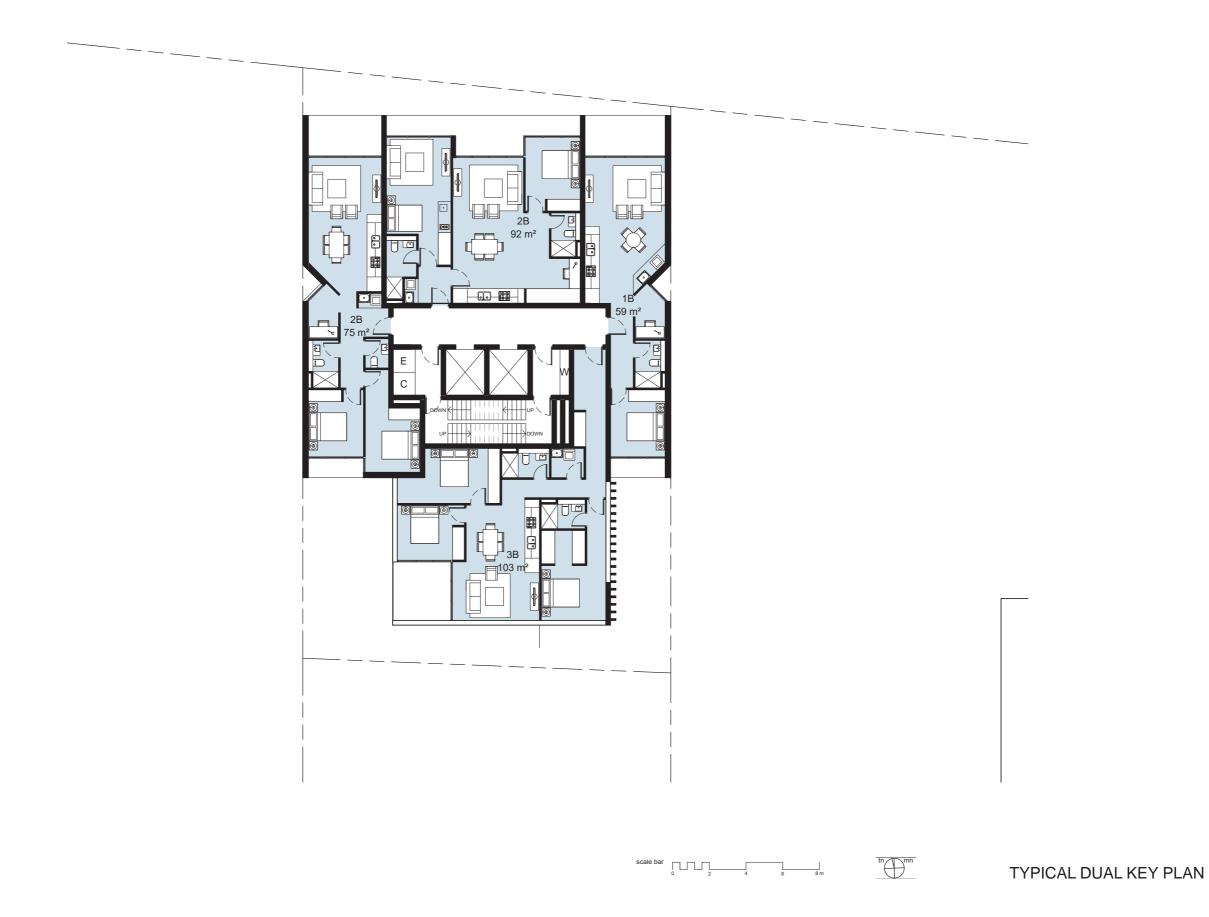
SEPTEMBER 2016

GEORGE ST

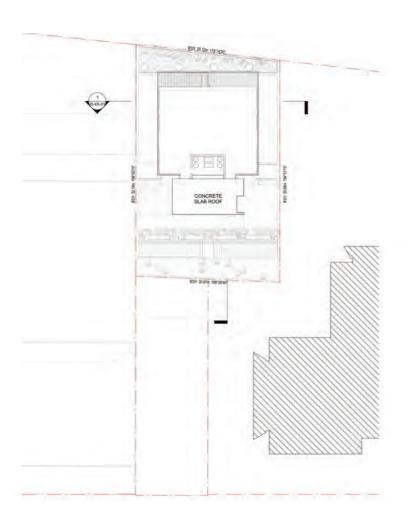


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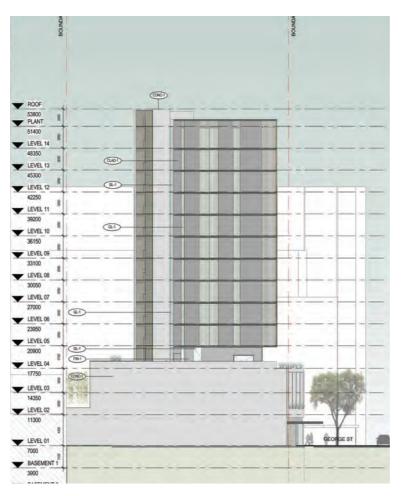
3 ST







BOOF | SS800 | PLANT |



DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS

In December 2014, a development application was submitted to Council for a 14 storey (46.8m) mixed use development for the site. It comprised retail and lobby at ground level, with 2 storeys of residential units built to the street alignment with a residential tower setback approximately 1-2m from George Street, 3m from the side boundaries and 8m from the rear boundary.

Importantly, it established a 3 storey street wall height that is consistent with the 109-113 George Street to the east and the existing mixed use development to the west.

Source:

Development Application, 107 George Street, Parramatta Prepared by BVN (10/12/14)

A form similar to this with a higher FSR of 6:1 (6.9:1 with design excellence) could be achieved in keeping with Council's resolution of 23 May 2015. Shadow diagrams for DA/853/2014 are included in the following pages.

OVERSHADOWING STUDY

In order determine the overshadowing impacts of Option C (Preferred Form), an overshadowing study was undertaken which tests the development application for the site (DA/853/201) with the DCP/ LEP envelope on the surrounding context on the development at 109-113 George Street under construction.

The site at 109-113 George Street has windows located in the western wall. Windows to the north of the western wall at higher levels are to bedrooms. There are 2 x living areas and private open spaces per floor towards Union Street.

According to Assessment Report prepared by Parramatta City Council for the site at 109-113 George Street, only 53% of dwellings receive 2 hours of solar access to living areas and 75% to private open space at mid-winter. It was noted by Council's urban design team that:

"the proposal does not meet the RFDC 'rule of thumb' for at least 70% of apartments in dense urban areas to receive 2 hours of direct sunlight to living rooms and private open space between 9am and 3pm in mid winter. This daylight access is achieved to living rooms for 53% of units and to private open space for 75% of units.

Whilst recognising that the proposal does not meet the RFDC recommendation, this variation is considered acceptable given the layouts of the apartments, the orientation and outlook of the living spaces and the amount of daylight provided to communal and private open space."

The grid of Parramatta has generally been set to magnetic north. In Sydney, true north is 13-13.5 degrees west of magnetic north. Subsequently, it is not possible for any dwellings that are oriented to the east (Argus Lane) to achieve 2 hours of solar access as required by SEPP 65/ Apartment Design Guide. However, if the hours are extended by 1 hour to 8am, all units that are oriented to Argus Lane receive solar access for 2 hours at mid-winter, representing an additional 78 units. The total number of units achieving solar access would be approximately 218/264 (82.5%) (refer to 2011SYDW113 DA - JRPP).

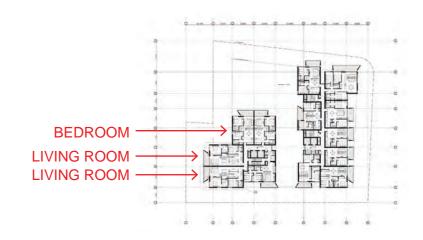
The overshadowing study illustrates the following:

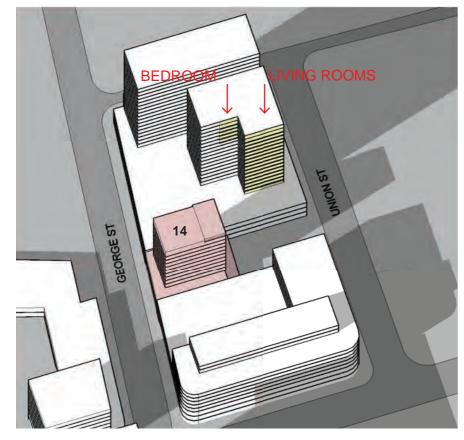
- Approximately 17 of 34 units along the western boundary at 109-117 George Street receive 2 hours of solar access between 12pm and 3pm at mid-winter, with the remaining units being overshadowed by the existing buildings and DCP/LEP envelope.
- Of the remaining 17 units that receive 2 hours of solar access approximately 9 units will receive 2 hours of solar access if the hours are extended to 4pm at mid-winter.

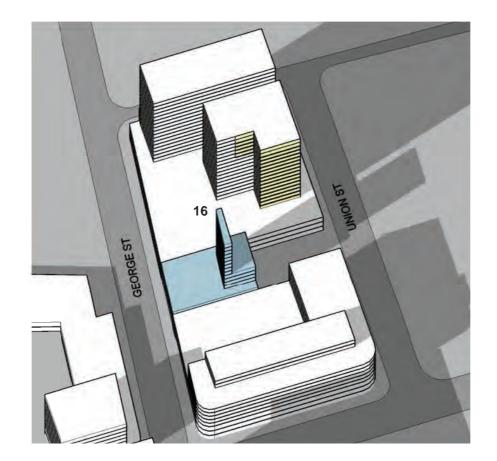
 Approximately 8 units will be overshadowed by Option C (Preferred), representing 3% of the total number of units in the development.

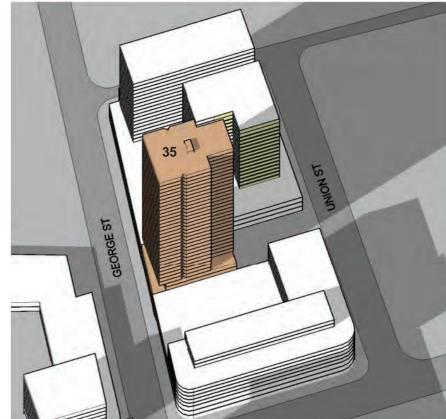
Taking into consideration the layout of apartments, orientation and outlook of living spaces and the amount of daylight provided to communal and private open spaces, Option C (Preferred) is considered appropriate for this site and will have negligible impacts on the neighbouring development.

However, if the hours of solar access are extended to 8am, then 210/264 units (80%) of neighbouring dwellings will receive 2 hours of solar access at mid-winter, exceeding the minimum requirement of the residential flat design code.









21 JUN 12PM - DCP / LEP ENVELOPE

21 JUN 12PM - OPTION C

21 JUN 12PM - DA/853/2014

URBAN DESIGN REPORT

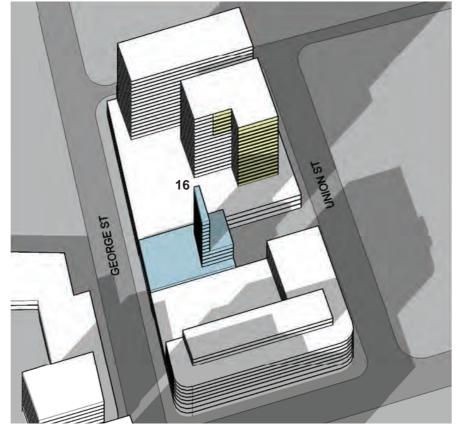
107 GEORGE ST. PARRAMATTA

SEPTEMBER 2016

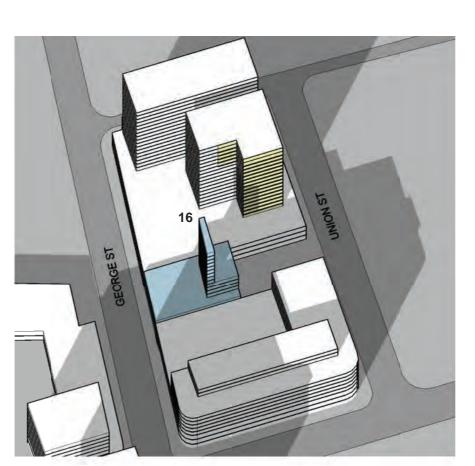
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21 JUN 1PM - DA/853/2014

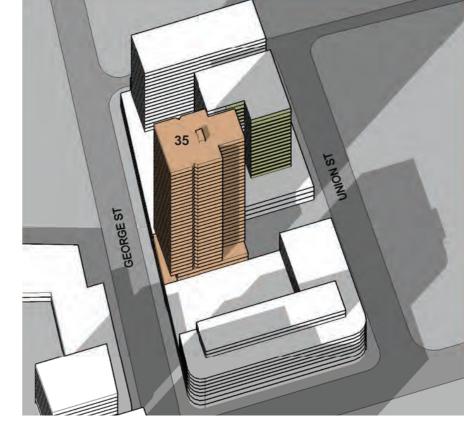


21 JUN 1PM - DCP / LEP ENVELOPE

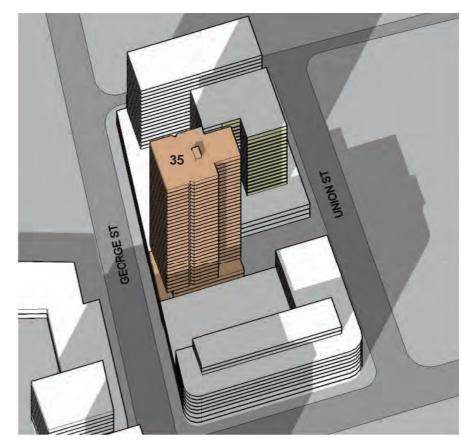




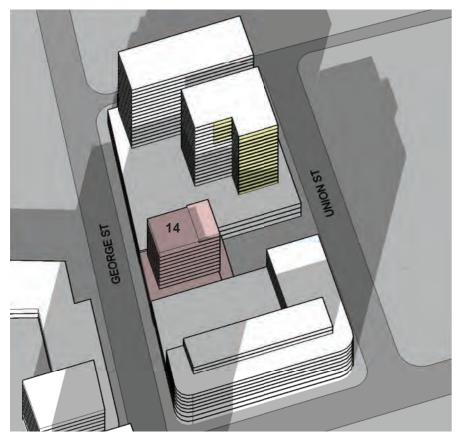
21 JUN 2PM - DCP / LEP ENVELOPE



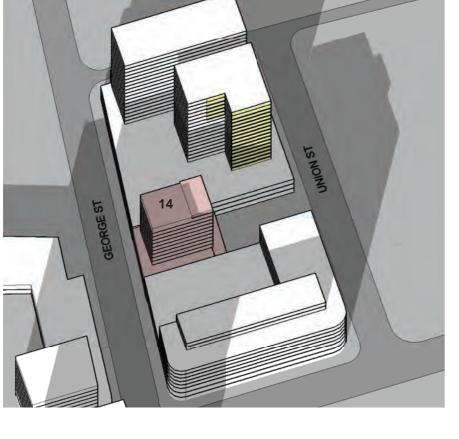
21 JUN 1PM - OPTION C

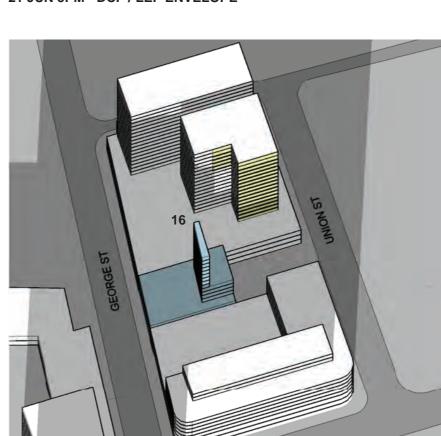


21 JUN 2PM - OPTION C

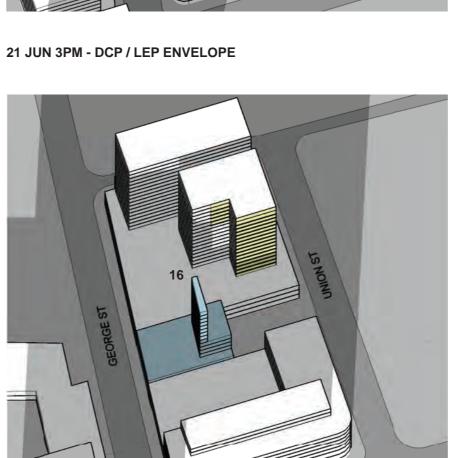


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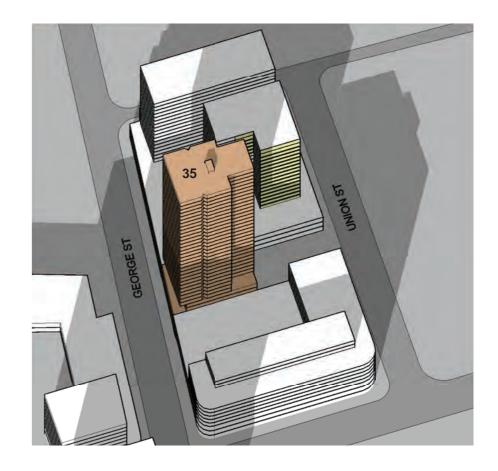




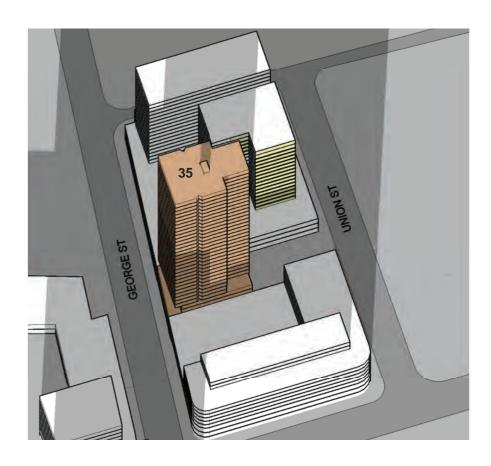
21 JUN 4PM - DA/853/2014



21 JUN 4PM - DCP / LEP ENVELOPE



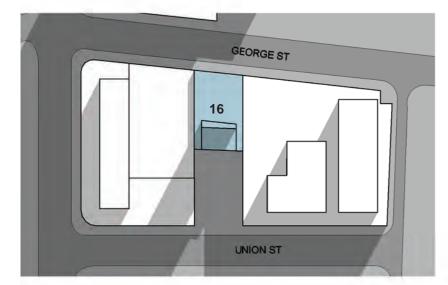
21 JUN 3PM - OPTION C



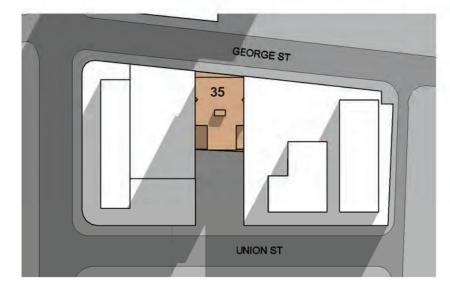
21 JUN 4PM - OPTION C

GEORGE ST UNION ST

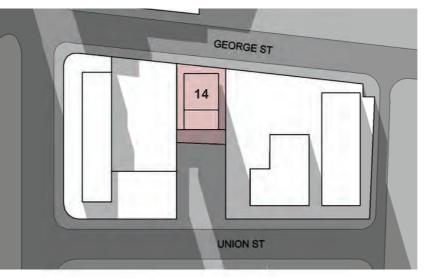
21 JUN 9AM - DA/853/2014



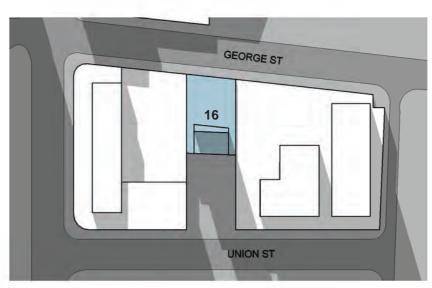
21 JUN 9AM - DCP/ LEP ENVELOPE



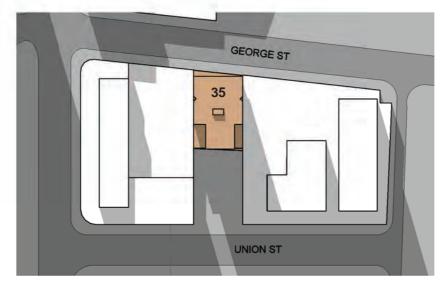
21 JUN 9AM - OPTION C



21 JUN 12PM - DA/853/2014

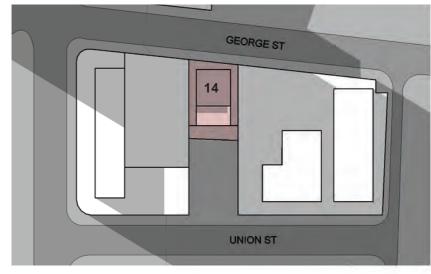


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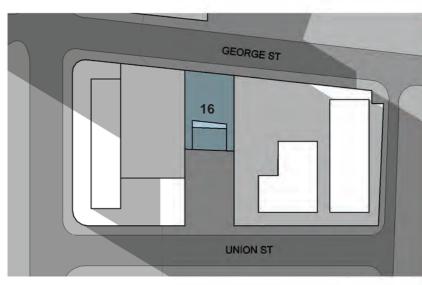


21 JUN 12PM - OPTION C

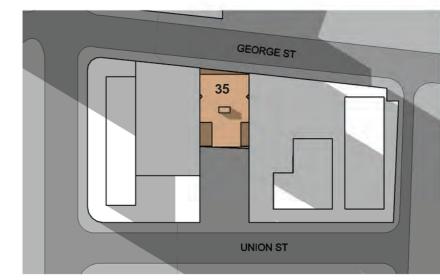
OVERSHADOWING DIAGRAMS



21 JUN 3PM - DA/853/2014



21 JUN 3PM - DCP/ LEP ENVELOPE



21 JUN 3PM - OPTION C

